

# **Safety Data Sheet**

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

# **Opti-Bright OB**

Version number GHS 1.0 Date of compilation 2020-10-11 date format: yyyy-mm-dd

#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

1.1 Product Indentifier(s).

Identification of the substance Fluorescent Brightener 184

 Trade name(s)
 Opti-Bright OB

 RTECS No
 DM4888332

 CAS number
 7128-64-5

Other means of identification

Alternative name(s) 2,5-thiophenediylbis(5-tert-butyl-1,3-benzoxazole)

5-tert-butyl-2-[5-(5-tert-butyl-1,3-benzoxazol-2-yl)thiophen-

2-yl]-1,3-benzoxàzole

Product code(s) OB-OB-P

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Optical brightener

Industrial use Professional use

Uses advised against

Do not use for products which come into contact with food-

stuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Not for use with foodstuffs, pharmaceutical products or

cosmetics. This product is for industrial and professional use

only; it is not intended for household use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Robert Koch Industries, Inc. 4770 N. Harback Road Bennett. CO 80102 United States

Telephone. +1 303.644.3763 Fax. +1 303.644.3045

Normal business hours: 0800 - 1700 MST/DST (UTC-7)

e-mail: sales@kochcolor.com. Website. www.kochcolor.com.

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(Mark Koch)

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service 1.800.535.5053 Infotrac (24 hours) USA and Canada Outside of USA or Canada, call +1 352.323.3500

#### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
A.11	Acute toxicity (inhal.).	4	Acute Tox. 4	H332
B.cD	Combustible dust.	Comb. Dust	CD	OSHA003

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Signal word Warning

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No. rki 01666 SDS-01

# **Pictograms**

**GHS07** 



#### **Hazard statements**

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

**OSHA003** May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

#### **Precautionary statements**

**P261** Avoid breathing dust, mist, spray.

**P271** Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a poison center/doctor/.../ if you feel unwell.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Dust explosion hazards.

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance Fluorescent Brightener 184

**Identifiers** 

 CAS No
 7128-64-5

 RTECS No
 DM4888332

 Molecular formula
 C26H26N2O2S

 Molar mass
 430.6 9/mol

#### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first- aid measures

#### General notes

If irritation or symptoms occur from any route of exposure, remove the affected individual from the area. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following inhalation

If inhalation causes irritation, remove to fresh air. If symptoms persist, get medical advice/attention.

#### Following skin contact

Brush off loose particles from skin.

#### Following eye contact

Flush eyes with clean water. Remove contact lenses if safe to do so. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. Get medical advice/attention.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention if symptoms occur or if the affected person does not feel well.

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None known. Treat symptomatically.

#### **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire use water fog, foam, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Danger of dust explosion. Deposited combustible dust has considerable explosion potential.

#### **Hazardous combustion products**

Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Sulfur oxides (SOx). Irritating or toxic substances may be emitted upon burning, combustion or decomposition.

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#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove persons to safety. Follow emergency procedures such as the need to evacuate the area, notify authorities or to consult an expert. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear personal protective equipment to prevent injury. See section 8 of this SDS. Ensure adequate ventilation.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not flush product down drains that discharge into public sewer systems. Do not pour onto the ground. Do not release into surface waters such as lakes, rivers and streams. Dispose of unusable product, wash water, and contaminated materials properly. See section 13 for disposal considerations.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleanup

Take up mechanically.

Cover floor drains. Prevent spilled material from leaving the area if safe to do so.

Suitable absorbent material(s) include:

Collect spilled material and place into suitable container(s) for reuse or disposal. Label containers appropriately.

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### Recommendations

#### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Only vacuum cleaners containing no ignition sources may be used for combustible dusts. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

# Specific notes/details

There is a risk of a dust explosion if powdered combustible dust is present in high-enough concentrations. Dust deposits can accumulate on surfaces in working area. Dust deposits have the potential to form an explosive dust-air mixture if disturbed. Carefully remove accumulated dust from surface areas on a regular basis. Only vacuum cleaners containing no ignition sources may be used for combustible dusts.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Managing of associated risks

# **Explosive atmospheres**

Avoid generation of dust.Removal of dust deposits. Only vacuum cleaners containing no ignition sources may be used for combustible dusts.

#### Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapors or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

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#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

Country	Name of agent	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	Notation	Source
US	Particulates not otherwise classi- fied	REL			Appx-D	NIOSH REL
US	Particulates not otherwise classi- fied (PNOC)	PEL	1,766	15	I, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Particulates not otherwise classi- fied (PNOC)	PEL	529.5	5	Partml, r, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Particulates not otherwise regulated	PEL (CA)		10	Dust	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	Particulates not otherwise regulated	PEL (CA)		5	R	Cal/OSHA PEL

#### Notation

appx-D See Appendix D - Substances with No Established RELs.

dust As dust.

i Inhalable fraction.
partml Particles/ml.
r Respirable fraction.

TWA Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-

weighted average (unless otherwise specified.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation. The use of approved dust collection equipment is recommended in high dust environments.

# Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

## Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

# **Hand protection**

Wear chemical resistant protective gloves.

#### Other protection measures

Wash thoroughly after handling. An eyewash station and/or safety shower is recommended in the work area.

#### Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If inhalation of dust, mist, or vapor is possible, wear an approved respirator in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.134 (29CFR).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Protect against release into the environment using preventative containment measures. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties Appearance

Physical state	solid
Color	yellow
Odor	characteristic

#### Other safety parameters

outer carrety parameters	
pH (value)	not applicable
Melting point/freezing point	200.6 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
Flash point	>350 °C
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	this material is combustible, but will not ignite readily
Explosion limits of dust clouds	not determined

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Vapor pressure	<0.00001 Pa	
Density	1,272 <sup>kg</sup> / <sub>m³</sub> at 20 °C	
Vapor density	this information is not available	
Bulk density	0.55 – 0.75 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>cm³</sub>	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	<10 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub> at 20 °C practically insoluble	
Solubility in dioxane	20.7 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>I</sub> at 20 °C	
Solubility in dimethylformamide	7.6 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>I</sub> at 20 °C	
Partition coefficient		
- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	>6.5 (pH value: 6.1, 23 °C)	
Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC)	8.199	
Auto-ignition temperature	490 °C	
Viscosity	not relevant solid matter	
Explosive properties	dust explosion hazards	
Oxidizing properties	none	
Other information		
Solid content	100 %	
Temperature class (USA, acc. to NEC 500)	T1 maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 450 °C	

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

9.2

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

## 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions 10.3

No known hazardous reactions.

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid conditions that create dust.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200) **Acute toxicity** 

Harmful if inhaled.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) Inhalation: dust/mist 1.82 mg/y/4h

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Acute toxicity					
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	
Oral	LD50	>10,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	Rat	European Chemicals Agency, http:// echa.europa.eu/	
Inhalation: dust/ mist	LC50	>1,820 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>m³</sub> /4h	Rat	European Chemicals Agency, http:// echa.europa.eu/	

## Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Frocess of degradability				
Process	Degradation rate	Time		
Carbon dioxide generation	4 %	28 d		

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The substance fulfills the very bioaccumulative criterion.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	>6.5 (pH value: 6.1, 23 °C)

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficien	8.199
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#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment 12.5

Data are not available.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

## **Endocrine disrupting potential**

Not listed.

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#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### **Waste Treatment Methods / Disposal Instructions**

Avoid release to the environment. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with product or container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not allow this material to enter floor drains, sewer drains or storm drains.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packages

Containers containing product or product residue should be disposed of in the same manner as the product. Completely emptied and thoroughly cleaned containers can be recycled.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

#### 14.8.3 Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT)

Not subject to transport regulations.

#### 14.8.6 International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

Not subject to IMDG.

#### 14.8.7 International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

National regulations (United States)

**Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)** 

substance is listed

#### Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

not listed

#### Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313)

not listed

#### Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

not listed

#### Clean Air Act

not listed

#### Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)

not listed

#### Toxic or Hazardous Substance List (MA-TURA)

not listed

#### Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

not listed

#### **Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)**

not listed

## Hazardous Substance List (Chapter 323) (PA-RTK)

not listed

#### **Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK)**

not listed

# California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

not listed

# Drug precursorsChemicals designated within the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. § 802, paragraphs 34 (list I) and 35 (list II)

not listed

#### **VOC** content

Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-EPA): 0 %. Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-Cal ARB): 0 %.

# Industry or sector specific available guidance(s) NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description	
Flammability	3	Material that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions	
Health 3		Material that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury	
Instability	0	Material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions	
Special hazard			

#### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	Substance is listed
CA	DSL	Substance is listed
CN	IECSC	Substance is listed
EU	ECSI	Substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	Substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	Substance is listed
KR	KECI	Substance is listed
MX	INSQ	Substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	Substance is listed
PH	PICCS	Substance is listed
TR	CICR	Substance is listed
TW	TCSI	Substance is listed
US	TSCA	Substance is listed

## Legend

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.
CICR Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation.

CSCL-ENCS List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS).

DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL).

ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP).

IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China.

INSQ National Inventory of Chemical Substances.
KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory.
NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS).

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances.
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory.

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act.

## 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

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## SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
Cal ARB	California Air Resources Board
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency. An agency of the federal government of the United States charged with protecting human health and the environment
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
Ppm	Parts per million
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
VPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

# Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
OSHA003	May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

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#### **Disclaimer**

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This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) cannot cover all possible situations which the user may experience during use of this product. Each aspect of your operation should be examined to determine if, or where, additional precautions may be necessary. All health and safety information contained in this bulletin should be provided to your employees or customers. It is your responsibility to develop appropriate work practice guidelines and employee instructional programs for your operation.

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